



Complete : Rs. 19.80

Rs. 5.40

Punjab Government Gazette

Published by Authority

No. 17] CHANDIGARH, FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 2017 (VAISAKHA 8, 1939 SAKA)

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PART I

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

(Building and Roads-3 Branch)

NOTIFICATION

The 3rd April, 2017

No.12/23/2017-3B&R3/949953/1.—The Government has, over the years, constructed a number of Bye-passes on State Highways, to decongest select cities. As a consequence, the bypassed parts of these Highways, passing through the cities are no more required to be State Highways. Keeping this in view, the Governor of Punjab is pleased to denotify such bypassed stretches of State Highways where Bye-passes have

been built, and these would no more be considered as State Highways.

Details of the denotified stretches of the State Highways are as under :-

a)	Hoshiarpur-Chandigarh road RD 0 to 1.70 (Part of Hoshiarpur City)	1.70 km
b)	Balachaur-Garhshanker road RD 27.45 to 32.60 (Part of Balachaur City)	5.15 km
c)	Moga– Kotkapura road RD 0 to 3.80 (Part of Moga City)	3.80 km
d)	Moga–Harike road RD 0 to 5.00 (Part of Moga City)	5.00 km
e)	Gagan Chowk to Liberty Chowk RD 40.60 to 41.55 & 41.70 to 45.40 (Part of Rajpura City)	4.65 km
f)	JCS Saviour School to Bhaironpur Sirhind Chunni Road RD 0 to 5.50 (Part of Sirhind City)	5.50 km
g)	Malikpur Chowk to Dalhousie By-pass RD 0 to 3.32 & 5.31 to 6.95 (Part of Pathankot City)	4.89 km

(JASPAL SINGH)

Chandigarh,
The 3rd April 2017

Principal Secretary, Govt. of Punjab,
Department of Public Works.

DEPARTMENT OF FOOD, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS

NOTIFICATION

The 30th March, 2017

No. 5/9/2017-5CPA/947517/1.—The following draft of rules which the Governor of Punjab after consultation with the Central Government, proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 53 of the Legal Metrology Act, 2009 (Central Act No. 1 of 2010), and all other powers enabling it in this behalf, is published as required by sub-section (4) of the aforesaid section, further to amend the Punjab Legal Metrology (Enforcement) Rules, 2013, for information of the persons likely to be affected thereby.

Notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Government on or after the expiry of a period of thirty days from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette, together with any objection or suggestion, which may be received by the Principal Secretary to Government of Punjab, Department of Food, Civil Supplies & Consumer Affairs, Anaj Bhawan, Sector 39-C, Chandigarh, from any person with respect to the said draft, before the expiry of the period so specified, namely:-

DRAFT RULES

1. These rules may be called the Punjab Legal Metrology (Enforcement) (Amendment) Rules, 2017.
2. In the Punjab Legal Metrology (Enforcement) Rules, 2014, in schedule XVII, in item 3, for the existing sub-item(b), the following sub-item shall be substituted, namely:-

“(b) Fabric Plastic/Woven/Steel tapes:-

Sr. No.	Size of measuring tape (in metre)	Fee (in rupees)
1	Upto 5	0.50
2	Above 5 and upto 10	1.00

3	Above 10 and upto 15	1.50
4	Above 15 and upto 30	3.00
5	Above 30 and upto 50	5.00
6	Above 50 and upto 100	10.00
7	Above 100 and upto 200	20.00"

(DR. ROSHAN SUNKARIA, IAS)

Principal Secretary to Government of Punjab,
Department of Food, Civil Supplies
and Consumer Affairs.

Chandigarh

The 21st February, 2017

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

(Building and Roads-III BRANCH)

NOTIFICATION

The 15th April, 2017

No. 12/68/13-3B&R3/955227/1.-Whereas the Governor of Punjab deems it necessary to amend the Notification dated the 5th September, 2013 issued *vide* No. S.O. 72/P.A. 13/1998/Ss. 2, 3 and 4/2013 by the Government of Punjab, Department of Public Works (Buildings & Roads Branch);

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Punjab Mechanical Vehicles (Bridges and Roads Tolls) Act, 1998 (Punjab Act No. 13 of 1998), and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor of Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment in the SCHEDULE appended with the Notification dated 5th September, 2013 of Department of Public Works (Buildings and Roads Branch) issued *vide* No. S.O. 72/P.A. 13/1998/Ss. 2, 3 and 4/2013:

AMENDMENT

In the said Schedule

- (1) the expression “; or” shall be substituted for the mark “.” at the end of the item (d).
- (2) The following items (e) and (f) shall be inserted after item (d), namely:-
 - (e) the vehicle of an Accredited Media Person or a Media Person having yellow Identity Card issued by the Punjab Government, if he or she produces such Accreditation Certificate and/or yellow Identity Card; or
 - (f) the vehicle of a Freedom Fighter, if he or she produces his or her identity card and certificate issued by the Punjab Government.

This Notification shall come into force with immediate effect and shall also be applicable for the Concession Agreements already under implementation.

No. 12/68/13-3B&R3/955236/1.-Whereas the Governor of Punjab deems it necessary to amend the Notification dated the 8th July 2004 issued *vide* No. S.O.11/P.A.13/1998/Ss. 2, 3 and 4/2004 by the Government of Punjab, Department of Public Works (Buildings & Roads Branch) and whereas, in view of proviso contained in para 20 of the Notification dated 5th September 2013 issued *vide* No. S.O.72/P.A.13/1998/Ss. 2, 3 and 4/2013 by the Government of Punjab, Department of Public Works (Buildings & Roads Branch) that the Notification dated 8th July, 2004 *ibid* would continue to be applicable to Concession Agreements already in vogue under the

Notification dated 8th July, 2004 *ibid*;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Punjab Mechanical Vehicles (Bridges and Roads Tolls) Act, 1998 (Punjab Act No.13 of 1998), and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor of Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment in SCHEDULE-I appended with the Notification dated 8th July, 2004 of Department of Public Works (Buildings and Roads Branch) issued *vide* No. S.O.11/P.A.13/1998/Ss. 2, 3 and 4/2004:

AMENDMENT

In the said Schedule

- (1) the expression “; and” shall be substituted with the mark “;” at the end of the item (e).
- (2) the mark “.” shall be substituted with the mark “;” at the end of the item (f).
- (3) The following items (g) and (h) shall be inserted after item (f), namely:-

(g) the vehicle of an Accredited Media Person or a Media Person having yellow Identity Card issued by the Punjab Government, if he or she produces such Accreditation Certificate and/or yellow Identity Card; and

(h) the vehicle of Freedom Fighter, if he or she produces his or her identity card and certificate issued by the Punjab Government.

This Notification shall come into force with immediate effect and shall also be applicable for the Concession Agreements already under implementation.

Chandigarh,
The 15th April, 2017

JASPAL SINGH
Principal Secretary

DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GENERATION AND TRAINING (EMPLOYMENT GENERATION BRANCH)

NOTIFICATION

The 18th April, 2017

No.9/56/2007-1EG/957138/1.-The Government of Punjab has created a new department of Employment in the name of Department of Employment Generation and Training *vide* Notification No.18/16/2007-4GC(2)/7219, dated 11th April, 2007 and No. 18/16/2007-4G.C (2)/13859, dated 31th July, 2007. In partial modification of notification No. 9/56/07-3EGT/4196 dated the 8th October, 2007, the Governor of Punjab is pleased to change the nomenclature of the officers of this department at Sr. No. 4 which will be as under:-

Sr.No.	Present Designation	New Designation
4.	Employment Generation and Training Officer	4. Employment Generation and Training Officer (G) 5. Employment Generation and Training Officer (V.G.)

Chandigarh
The 18th April, 2017

KRISHAN KUMAR, IAS
Secretary to Government of Punjab,
Department of Employment Generation and Training.

[DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT PUNJAB]

Regional Deputy Director, Local Government Jalandhar

NOTIFICATION

The 28th February, 2017

No. MC, Goraya/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3075.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Municipal Council, Goraya passed resolution No. 82 dated 08.08.2016 section 37 of the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Municipal Council, Goraya hereby makes the following bye laws for street vending, namely: -

“The Street Vendor Byelaw-2016 for the Municipal Council, Goraya”

CHAPTER – I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement –

- i. This Bye-Laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye laws – 2016 for Municipal Council, Goraya**. It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions –

In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:-

- (a) “**Act**” means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014)
- (b) “**Appropriate Government**” means the Government of Punjab;
- (c) “**Bye-laws**” means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
- (d) “**Executive Officer**” means officer in charge of **Municipal Council, Goraya**.
- (e) “**festive market**” means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (f) “**Grievance Redressal Committee**” means a committee constituted by the Government of [PUNJAB State] under Sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act;
- (g) “**Heritage Market**” means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (h) “**holding capacity**” means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (i) “**local authority**” means a **Municipal Council, Goraya** entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town, **Goraya** to provide civic services and regulate street vending in the city of **Goraya**;

- (j) **“mobile vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- (k) **“Municipal Committee”** means a committee as prescribed under this rule – 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
- (l) **“natural market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (m) **“niche market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) **“night bazaar”** means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) **“notification”** means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term “notify” shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) **“Plan”** means the plan made under First Schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- (q) **“planning authority”** means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent areas for any particular Activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan any layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the application Town and Country Planning Act or the Urban Development Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be;
- (r) **“public purpose”** includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco System Resource in that area and (xii) Any other development work taken by local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (s) **“Scheme”** means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- (t) **“seasonal market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (u) **“Section”** means section of the Act”
- (v) **“stationary vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
- (w) **“street vendors”** means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane , side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up

structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words “street vending” with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;

- (x) **“Town Vending Committee”** means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (y) **“vending zone”** means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.
- (z) **“weekly market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER – II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT ENDING ZONES

1. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering in intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free- vending zones in the city of **Goraya**.
 - ii. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movement.
2. **Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:**
 - There shall not be any stationary vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. however street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
 - There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However street vending shall allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
 - Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
 - Such stationary vending shall be allowed after the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed .
 - Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement .
3. **No Vending Zone:**
 - a. No vending shall be allowed around 50 meters of the secretariat, district Courts, District Secretariat officers of District Panchayat, Municipal Corporation ,Municipality Nagar Panchayat ,Cantonment Board ASI and State archeological Monuments.

- b. No vending width 20 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A Street Venders:

Who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, **shall no---**

- I. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic of their safety .
- II. Obstruct or interface with doorway, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street.
- III. Obstruct of interface with any utilities like water supply ,sewerage ,telephone ,electricity etc similar installations.
- IV. Obstruct of interface with any other structures, sign boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street .
- V. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc.
- VI. Sell Goods of services of Merchandises before 8 A.M and 8 P.M fixed hours as specified by the TVC
- VII. Put garbage anywhere expect specific place, which identified by the local authority.
- VIII. Sell their goods of services or merchandise after expiry of the vending certificate.
- IX. Use of Loudspeakers, megaphone, sound system or other amplification equipment.
- X. Transfer the certificate to any vendors without approval.

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors:

The street vendors or the employee of the vendors shall have to-

- I. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate.
- II. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates.
- III. Display the permit at vending place all times.
- IV. Ensure that either the street vendors or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remain at vending place during vending hours.
- V. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority.
- VI. Comply all the requirements of the food Adulteration Act or any if applicable.
- VII. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority.
- VIII. Follow all the requirements. of this bye-laws and condition mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER – III

FEES,TAXES AND PENATILES

6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the vending zones:

- 1. The monthly maintenance charges (Fees) Shall be which is to be charged :-
 - i. Rs. 100 shall be charged from mobile vendors.
 - ii. Rs. 200 shall be charged from vendors in the business of Juice stalls, sweet stalls etc.

2. There shall be a increase of 10% after every year.
3. Fees shall be collected monthly.

7. Penalty to be Charged :

- I. Every street vendors who commits an offence or defaults any ,provision of the Act and or Bye-Law is punishable on conviction by Magistrate , a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance etc.
- II. If a street vendor shall collect defaults three times, The vending which should be three times of be suspended and if he persists with the defaults, Shall be cancelled.

8. The Regulations of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones:

Local authority shall collect taxes and fees vending which should be three times of the every imposed on Unauthorized settlements or Rs.300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV

MISCELLANEOUS

9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.

10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- i. Any vendor who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic points and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- ii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;

Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Track	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Track	Serv-ice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area

2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	--
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both sides

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),
Regional Deputy Director,
Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. NP, Mahilpur/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3083.—In exercise of the powers conferred by The Nagar Panchayat, Mahilpur passed resolution no. 23 dated 30.03.2016 Section 37 of the street vendors (Protection of livelihood and Regulation of street vending) Act-2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014) subject to the provisions of this act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Nagar Panchayat, Mahilpur hereby makes the following by laws for street vending namely:-

“The Street Venders Bye Laws-2016 Nagar Panchayat, Mahilpur”

CHAPTER-1
PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement:-

1. This bye laws may be called The street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye laws-2016 for the Nagar Panchayat, Mahilpur
2. It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions:-

1. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - a) “Act” means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act,2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014)

- b) “*Appropriate Government*” means the Government of Punjab.
- c) “*Bye laws*” means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
- d) “*Chief Executive Officer*” means officer in charge of Nagar Panchayat, Mahilpur.
- e) “*Festival Market*” Means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of Town Vending Committee.
- f) “*Grievance Redressed Committee*” means a committee constituted by the Government of Punjab under sub- section (1) of the section 20 of the Act.
- g) “*Heritage Market*” means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- h) “*Holding Capacity*” means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated on any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendation of Town Vending Committee;
- i) “*Local Authority*” means a Nagar Panchayat, Mahilpur
- j) “*Mobile Vendors*” Means the street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- k) “*Executive Officer*” means the Executive Officer of the Nagar Panchayat, Mahilpur in Punjab state;
- l) “*Municipal Committee*” means a committee as prescribed under this rule-20 to decided an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act,
- m) “*Natural Market*” means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendation of the Town Vending Committee;
- n) “*Niche Market*” means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by local Authority on the recommendation of the Town Vending Committee;
- o) “*Night Bazaar*” a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services after evening i.e during night and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendations of the Town vending Committee;
- p) “*Notification*” means a notification published on the Official Gazette and the term “notify” shall be construed accordingly;
- q) “*Plan*” means the plan made under first schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- r) “*Planning Authority*” means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent of areas for any particular activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan or layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the applicable improvement trust act or the Municipal Act, or as the case may be it Act;
- s) “*Public Purpose*” includes in the context of the Act
 - (i) widening of, streets, lanes;

- (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes;
 - (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads;
 - (iv) erecting of underpasses;
 - (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects;
 - (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines;
 - (vii) Erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services;
 - (viii) Any project related with public transport like BRTS, metro etc;
 - (ix) Erection of economically weaker section (EWS) housing
 - (x) Creation of parks; gardens and recreational area
 - (xii) Conservation of any eco system resource in that area and
 - (xii) Any other development work taken by the local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- t) “*Scheme*” means the scheme under second schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- u) “*Seasonal Market*” means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific season and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- v) “*Section*” means section of the Act;
- w) “*Stationary Vendor*” means street vendor who carry out vending activities on regular basis at a specific location.
- x) “*Street Vendor*” means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or Merchandise of everyday use of offering services to the general public, in street ,lane, sidewalk, Footpath, Pavement, Public Parks or any other Public Place or private areas, from a temporary built-up structure or by moving from place to place includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words “street vending” with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- y) “*Town Vending Committee*” means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of these Act;
- z) “*Vending Zone*” means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to general public.
- aa) “*Weekly Market*” means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
2. Words and expression defined in Act and use in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in Act.

CHAPTER-II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT VENDING ZONES

3. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering an intensity of foot falls, Road width and

vehicular& pedestrian movement for the city.

- i. There shall not be any restricted vending zones in the city. Carrying capacity of an area would put the ultimate limit on the number of street vendors which can be positioned on any area. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movements. In such cases the TVC has to decide the total number of such mobile vendors can be accommodate after taking into account the area of significant footfall and 1/3rd of the holding capacity of the area. Otherwise there is every chance of mobile vending itself creating problem for the traffic movement, as the mobile vending invariably takes place from the carriage way.

ii. Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width;

- a) There shall not by any stationary street vending on a road having with equal to 3 meters. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
- b) There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
- c) There shall be only one side stationary street vending on a road having width between 12 meters to 24 meters while both side stationary vending shall be allowed on a road having width of 30 meters and above but not on sector dividing roads and main important roads.
- d) Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
- e) Such stationary vending shall be allowed after taking the clearance from traffic police the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
- f) Mobile vending shall be allowed on such looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement.

iii. No vending zone:-

- a. No vending shall be allowed around 50 meters of Court Complex, ADC Office, Tehsil Office & Municipal Council Office,
- b. There shall not by any stationary street vending on a road having with equal to 3 meters

iv. Vending Zone:-

- a. On Phagwara Road, Near City Center
- b. In Front of Balmik Mandir, Phagwara Road,
- c. There Shall be allowed mobile vending in other city all the street having a width more than 3 meter there shall be allow mobile vending in all residential & commercial area of the city

4. A Street Vender, who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, shall not-

- i. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic or their safety;
- ii. Obstruct or interfere with doorways, entrances, fire doors or emergency exists adjacent to the street;
- iii. Obstruct Interfere with any utilities like water supply, sewerage, telephone, electricity etc. or similar installation;
- iv. Obstruct or Interfere with any other structures, signboards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street.
- v. Sell any object able goods or services or merchandise etc;
- vi. Occupy more space then allotted by TVC;

- vii. Sell goods of service or merchandises after fixed hours as specified by the TVC;
- viii. Put garbage anywhere except specific place, which identified by the local authority;
- ix. Sell their goods or services or merchandises after enquiry of the vending certificate;
- x. Use of loudspeakers, megaphones, sound system or other amplification equipment.
- xi. Transfer the certificate to any other vendors without approval;
- xii. Use plastic ploythenes of any kind

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors-

The Street vendor or the employee of the vendor shall have to-

- i. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate;
- ii. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificate;
- iii. Display the permit at vending places all times.
- iv. Ensure that either the street vendor or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remains present at vending place during vending hours;
- v. Keep the vending place safe and in good conditions all times;
- vi. Comply with any safety and sanitary requirements of local authority;
- vii. Comply all the requirements of the Food Adulteration Act or any other act if applicable;
- viii. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority;
- ix. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and conditions mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER-III

FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid to local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in vending zones;

- i. The vending fees will be Rs 300/-per month or 750/-for every 3 months.
- ii. Renewal of vending certificate fees will be Rs. 100/- payable every years.
- iii. Every year a minimum 10% increase shall be imposed.
- iv. Local Authority can collect vending fees Quarterly instead of monthly, if it deems fit to do so.

7. Penalty to be charged-

- i. Every street vendor who commits an offence, breach of provisions of the Act/ Rules or Bye-laws, is punishable on conviction by dispute redressal committee, and has to pay, a fine of not less than rupees 500 which may be extended up to rupees 1000 for first instance of offence.
- ii. When the breach is continuing breach, a further fine may be extended to two hundred rupees for everyday after the first instance of breach.
- iii. If a street vendor defaults three times, the vending certificate shall have to be suspended and if he persists with his default, shall be cancelled.

CHAPTER-IV

MISCELENEOUS

8. The Regulation of traffic in the vending Zones;

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic,

speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;

- ii. Local Authority shall clearly ear mark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zone.

9. The Regulation of the quality of the products and services provided to the public in vending zone and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- i. Any vendor, who sell food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provision of the food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, Penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department, as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- ii. Quality of Articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statue. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standard it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complaints are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufactures and vendors under the chairmanship of state nodal officer to arrive at an amicable solutions.

[Explanation for example, presence of toxic paint and sharp edges of the different part of the toy. There is a need to develop systematic samples taking an analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic element in the toys .The wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and payback the vendor price they pay if it not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention to the authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

10. The regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. The movable public toilet and drinking water facilities shall be provide at appropriate place by the local authority.
- ii. Proper collection of solid waste management system have to be provided by the Local Authority;
- iii. Lighting to the vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp Mechanism;
- iv. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed;

11. Miscellaneous

- i. The Executive Officer/President or the licencing officer may limit the time during which street vendor may be permitted to the operator either generally or specifically in respect of any class of articles or in any particular public street within the city.
- ii. The licence granted under these byelaws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following the date with the permission of the Executive Officer/President. If street Vendor Commits the breach of these bye-laws, shall be convicted by dispute redressal committee, be Punishable with fine Rs. 500/- Which may be extended to one thousand Rupees for one time. When the breach is a continuing breach, a further time may be extended to two hundred rupees for everyday after the first instance of breach. if a street vendor defaults three times, the vending certificate shall have to be suspended and if he persists with his default, shall be cancelled.
- iii. The Licencee/Street Vendor shall always keep the Licence issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer/President or the Authorized officer (here in referred to as "authorized Officer")

- iv. The Licencee/Street Vendor shall not do or permit to do negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The Licencee/Street Vendor shall not transfer the licence to any other person without the prior written permission of the Executive Officer/President or the authorized Officer. (herein referred to as "authorized officer")
- vi. Every Licence issued to the Street Vendor under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay rupees 25 shall be charged for everyday of delay.
- vii. If the licensee/Street vendor fails to comply with any terms and condition of this licence, the commissioner/Chairman or the authorized officer can revoke or suspend the license.
- viii. In event of any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose; the licensee shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE-A

ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE

IN MTRS)														Conditionally allowed
Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Track	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Track	Ser-vice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	--
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides

11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both sides
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Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. NP, Begowal /DDLG/ JALANDHAR/2017/3091.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Nagar Panchayat, Begowal hereby makes the following bye laws *vide* resolution No.37 dated 04.08.2015 for street vending, namely for street vending, namely:

"The street vendors byelaws-2016 for the Nagar Panchayat Begowal"

CHAPTER – I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement –

- i. This Bye-Laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye laws – 2016 for Nagar Panchayat Begowal.**

It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2 Definitions –

In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:-

- (a) **“Act”** means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014)
- (b) **“Appropriate Government”** means the Government of Punjab;
- (c) **“Bye-laws”** means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
- (d) **“Executive Officer”** means officer in charge of Nagar Panchayat Begowal.
- (e) **“festive market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (f) **“Grievance Redressal Committee”** means a committee constituted by the Government of [Name of State] under Sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act;
- (g) **“Heritage Market”** means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;

- (h) **“holding capacity”** means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (i) **“local authority”** means a **Nagar Panchayat Begowal** entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town, Begowal to provide civic services and regulate street vending in the city of Begowal
- (j) **“mobile vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- (k) **“Municipal Committee”** means a committee as prescribed under this rule – 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
- (l) **“natural market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (m) **“niche market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) **“night bazaar”** means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) **“notification”** means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term “notify” shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) **“Plan”** means the plan made under First Schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- (q) **“planning authority”** means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent areas for any particular Activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan any layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the application Town and Country Planning Act or the Urban Development Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be;
- (r) **“public purpose”** includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco System Resource in that area and (xii) Any other development work taken by local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (s) **“Scheme”** means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- (t) **“seasonal market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (u) **“Section”** means section of the Act”
- (v) **“stationary vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a

specific location;

- (w) **“street vendors”** means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane, side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words “street vending” with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- (x) **“Town Vending Committee”** means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (y) **“vending zone”** means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.
- (z) **“weekly market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER – II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT ENDING ZONES

1. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering in intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free- vending zones in the city of Bholath.
 - ii. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movement.
2. **Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:**
 - There shall not be any stationary vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. however street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
 - There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However street vending shall allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
 - Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road .
 - Such stationary vending shall be allowed after the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed .
 - Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement .
3. **No Vending Zone:**
 - a. No vending shall be allowed around 200 meters of the secretariat, district Courts, District Secretariat

officers of District Panchayat, Municipal corporation, Municipality Nagar Panchayat, Cantonment Board ASI and State archeological Monuments.

- b. No vending within 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A Street Venders:

Who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, **shall no---**

- I. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic of their safety .
- II. Obstruct or interface with doorway, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street.
- III. Obstruct of interface with any utilities like water supply ,sewerage ,telephone ,electricity etc similar installations.
- IV. Obstruct of interface with any other structures, sign, boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street .
- V. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc.
- VI. Sell Goods of services of Merchandises before 8 A.M and 8 P.M fixed hours as specified by the TVC
- VII. Put garbage anywhere except specific place, which identified by the local authority.
- VIII. Sell their goods of services or merchandise after expiry of the vending certificate.
- IX. Use of Loudspeakers, megaphone, sound system or other amplification equipment.
- X. Transfer the certificate to any vendors without approval.

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors:

The street vendors or the employee of the vendors shall have to-

- I. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate.
- II. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates.
- III. Display the permit at vending place all times.
- IV. Ensure that either the street vendors or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remain at vending place during vending hours.
- V. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority.
- VI. Comply all the requirements of the food Adulteration Act or any if applicable.
- VII. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority.
- VIII. Follow all the requirements. of this bye-laws and condition mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER – III

FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

- 6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the vending zones:
 - 1. The monthly maintenance charges (Fees) Shall be which is to be changed .
 - i. Rs. 100 shall be charged from mobile vendors.
 - ii. Rs. 200 shall be charged from vendors in the business of Juice stalls, sweet stalls etc.

2. There shall be a increase of 10% after every year.
3. Fees shall be collected monthly.

7. Penalty to be Charged :

- I. Every street vendors who commits an offence or defaults any ,provision of the Act and or Bye-Law is punishable on conviction by Magistrate, a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance etc.
- II. If a street vendors shall collect defaults three times, The vending which should be three times of be suspended and if he persists with the defaults, Shall be cancelled.

8. The Regulations of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones:

Local authority shall collects taxes and fees vending which should be three times of the every imposed on Unauthorized settlements or Rs.300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV

MISCELENEOUS

9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.

10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- i. Any vendor who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- ii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- iii. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed ;

12. Miscellaneous.

- i. The Executive Officer/Chairman or the Licensing Officers may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- ii. The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following date upon which the permission of the executive Officer. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye- laws shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-, which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every days after the first during which the breach continues.
- iii. The licence /Street Vender shall always keep the licence issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as "authorized Officer").
- iv. The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The license/street vender shall not transfer the licence to any other person without the prior written permission of the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer. (herein referred to as "authorized Officer").
- vi. Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- vii. If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of this license, the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as "authorized Officer") can revoke or suspend the license
- viii. In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the license shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE**ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE****IN MTRS)**

Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Ser-vice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road

3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	--
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both sides

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),
Regional Deputy Director,
Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. NP, Bholath/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3099.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Nagar Panchayat Bholath passed resolution no. 327 dated 26.5.2016, section 37 of the street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Nagar Panchayat , Bholath hereby makes the following bye laws for street vending, namely:

"The street vendors byelaws-2016 for the Nagar Panchayat Bholath"

CHAPTER – I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement –

- i. This Bye-Laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye laws – 2016 for Nagar Panchayat Bholath.**

It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions –

In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:-

- (a) **“Act”** means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014)

- (b) **“Appropriate Government”** means the Government of Punjab;
- (c) **“Bye-laws”** means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
- (d) **“Executive Officer”** means officer in charge of Nagar Panchayat Bholath.
- (e) **“festive market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (f) **“Grievance Redressal Committee”** means a committee constituted by the Government of [Name of State] under Sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act;
- (g) **“Heritage Market”** means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (h) **“holding capacity”** means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (i) **“local authority”** means a **Nagar Panchayat Bholath** entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town, Bholath to provide civic services and regulate street vending in the city of Bholath;
- (j) **“mobile vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- (k) **“Municipal Committee”** means a committee as prescribed under this rule – 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
- (l) **“natural market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (m) **“niche market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) **“night bazaar”** means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) **“notification”** means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term “notify” shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) **“Plan”** means the plan made under First Schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- (q) **“planning authority”** means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent areas for any particular Activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan any layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the application Town and Country Planning Act or the Urban Development Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be;

- (r) **“public purpose”** includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco System Resource in that area and (xii) Any other development work taken by local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (s) **“Scheme”** means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- (t) **“seasonal market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (u) **“Section”** means section of the Act”
- (v) **“stationary vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
- (w) **“street vendors”** means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane , side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words “street vending” with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- (x) **“Town Vending Committee”** means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (y) **“vending zone”** means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.
- (z) **“weekly market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER – II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT ENDING ZONES

1. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering in intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free- vending zones in the city of Bholath.

- ii. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movement.

2. Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:

- There shall not be any stationary vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. however street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
- There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters . However street vending shall allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
- Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
- Such stationary vending shall be allowed after the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
- Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement.

3 No Vending Zone:

- a. No vending shall be allowed around 200 meters of the secretariat, district Courts, District Secretariat officers of District Panchayat, Municipal corporation ,Municipality Nagar Panchayat ,Cantonment Board ASI and State archeological Monuments.
- b. No vending width 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A Street Venders:

Who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, **shall no---**

- I. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic of their safety.
- II. Obstruct or interface with doorway, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street.
- III. Obstruct of interface with any utilities like water supply ,sewerage ,telephone ,electricity etc similar installations.
- IV. Obstruct of interface with any other structures, sign, boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street.
- V. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc.
- VI. Sell Goods of services of Merchandises before 8 A.M and 8 P.M fixed hours as specified by the TVC
- VII. Put garbage anywhere expect specific place, which identified by the local authority.
- VIII. Sell their goods of services or merchandise after expiry of the vending certificate.
- IX. Use of Loudspeakers, megaphone, sound system or other amplification equipment.
- X. Transfer the certificate to any vendors without approval.

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors:

The street vendors or the employee of the vendors shall have to-

- I. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate.
- II. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates.
- III. Display the permit at vending place all times.
- IV. Ensure that either the street vendors or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remain at vending place during vending hours.
- V. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority.
- VI. Comply all the requirements of the food Adulteration Act or any if applicable.
- VII. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority.
- VIII. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and condition mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER – III

FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the vending zones:

1. The monthly maintenance charges (Fees) Shall be which is to be changed .
 - i. Rs. 100 shall be charged from mobile vendors.
 - ii. Rs. 200 shall be charged from vendors in the business of Juice stalls, sweet stalls etc.
2. There shall be a increase of 10% after every year.
3. Fees shall be collected monthly.

7. Penalty to be Charged :

- I. Every street vendors who commits an offence or defaults any ,provision of the Act and or Bye-Law is punishable on conviction by Magistrate , a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance etc.
- II. If a street vendors shall collect defaults three times, The vending which should be three times of be suspended and if he persists with the defaults, Shall be cancelled.

8. The Regulations of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones:

Local authority shall collects taxes and fees vending which should be three times of the every imposed on Unauthorized settlements or Rs.300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV

MISCELLANEOUS

9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.

10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- i. Any vendor who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- ii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- iii. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed;

12. Miscellaneous.

- i. The Executive Officer/Chairman or the Licensing Officers may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- ii. The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following date upon which the permission of the executive Officer. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye- laws shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-, which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every days after the first during which the breach continues.
- iii. The licence /Street Vender shall always keep the licence issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- iv. The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The license/street vender shall not transfer the licence to any other person without the prior written permission of the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer. (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).

- vi. Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- vii. If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of this license, the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”) can revoke or suspend the license
- viii. In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the license shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE

ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE

IN MTRS)

Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Serv-ice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both sides

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. NP, Dhilwan/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3107.—In exercise of the powers conferred by NAGAR PANCHAYAT DHILWAN Passed resolution No. 159 Dated 17.08.2015 section 37 of the street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Nagar Panchayat Dhilwan hereby makes the following bye laws for street vending, namely: -

"The street vendors Bye laws-2016 for the NAGAR PANCHAYAT DHILWAN"

CHAPTER – I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement –

- I. This Bye-Laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye laws – 2016 for** Nagar Panchayat Dhilwan. It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions –

In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:-

- (a) **“Act”** means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014)
- (b) **“Appropriate Government”** means the Government of Punjab;
- (c) **“Bye-laws”** means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
- (d) **“Executive Officer”** means officer in charge of Nagar Panchayat Dhilwan.
- (e) **“festive market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (f) **“Grievance Redressal Committee”** means a committee constituted by the Government of [Name of State] under Sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act;
- (g) **“Heritage Market”** means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (h) **“holding capacity”** means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of

the Town Vending Committee;

- (i) **“local authority”** means a Nagar Panchayat Dhilwan entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town, Dhilwan to provide civic services and regulate street vending in the city of Dhilwan;
- (j) **“mobile vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- (k) **“Municipal Committee”** means a committee as prescribed under this rule – 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
- (l) **“natural market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (m) **“niche market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) **“night bazaar”** means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) **“notification”** means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term “notify” shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) **“Plan”** means the plan made under First Schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- (q) **“planning authority”** means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent areas for any particular Activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan any layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the application Town and Country Planning Act or the Urban Development Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be;
- (r) **“public purpose”** includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco System Resource in that area and (xii) Any other development work taken by local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (s) **“Scheme”** means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- (t) **“seasonal market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (u) **“Section”** means section of the Act”
- (v) **“stationary vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a

specific location;

- (w) **“street vendors”** means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane, side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words “street vending” with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- (x) **“Town Vending Committee”** means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (y) **“vending zone”** means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.
- (z) **“weekly market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER – II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT ENDING ZONES

1. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering in intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free- vending zones in the city of Dhilwan.
 - ii. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movement.
2. **Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:**
 - There shall not be any stationary vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. However street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
 - There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
 - Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
 - Such stationary vending shall be allowed after the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
 - Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement.

3. No Vending Zone:

- a. No vending shall be allowed around 200 meters of the Secretariat, District Courts, District Secretariat officers of District Panchayat, Municipal corporation, Municipality Nagar Panchayat, Cantonment Board ASI and State Archeological Monuments.
- b. No vending width 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A Street Venders:

Who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, **shall no---**

- I. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic of their safety .
- II. Obstruct or interface with doorway, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street.
- III. Obstruct of interface with any utilities like water supply ,sewerage ,telephone ,electricity etc similar installations.
- IV. Obstruct of interface with any other structures, sign, boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street .
- V. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc.
- VI. Sell Goods of services of Merchandises before 8 A.M and 8 P.M fixed hours as specified by the TVC
- VII. Put garbage anywhere except specific place, which identified by the local authority.
- VIII. Sell their goods of services or merchandise after expiry of the vending certificate.
- IX. Use of Loudspeakers, megaphone, sound system or other amplification equipment.
- X. Transfer the certificate to any vendors without approval.

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors:

The street vendors or the employee of the vendors shall have to-

- I. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate.
- II. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates.
- III. Display the permit at vending place all times.
- IV. Ensure that either the street vendors or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remain at vending place during vending hours.
- V. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority.
- VI. Comply all the requirements of the food Adulteration Act or any if applicable.
- VII. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority.
- VIII. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and condition mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER – III**FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES****6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the**

vending zones:

1. The monthly maintenance charges (Fees) Shall be which is to be charged .
 - i. Rs. 100 shall be charged from mobile vendors.
 - ii. Rs. 200 shall be charged from vendors in the business of Juice stalls, sweet stalls etc.
2. There shall be a increase of 10% after every year.
3. Fees shall be collected monthly.

7. Penalty to be Charged :

- I. Every street vendors who commits an offence or defaults any ,provision of the Act and or Bye-Law is punishable on conviction by Magistrate , a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance etc.
- II. If a street vendors shall collect defaults three times, The vending which should be three times of be suspended and if he persists with the defaults, Shall be cancelled.

8. The Regulations of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones:

Local authority shall collects taxes and fees vending which should be three times of the every imposed on Unauthorized settlements or Rs.300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV**MISCELENEOUS****9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;**

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.

10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- i. Any vendor who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the

toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- ii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- iii. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed ;

12. Miscellaneous.

- i. The Executive Officer/Chairman or the Licensing Officers may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- ii. The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following date upon which the permission of the executive Officer. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye- laws shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-, which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every days after the first during which the breach continues.
- iii. The license /Street Vender shall always keep the license issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- iv. The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The license/street vender shall not transfer the license to any other person without the prior written permission of the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer. (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- vi. Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- vii. If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of thislicense, the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”) can revoke or suspend the license
- viii. In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the license shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),
Regional Deputy Director,
Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE

ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE

IN MTRS)

Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Serv-ice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both sides

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 meters is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 meters.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 meter.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. MC, Kapurthala/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3124.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the **Municipal Council, Kapurthala** *vide* resolution no. 85 dated 29.01.2016 hereby makes the following bye-laws for street vending,

namely:--

“The Street Vendors bye-laws – 2016 for the Municipal Council Kapurthala”

CHAPTER — I

PRELIMINARY

• **Short title and commencement-**

- i. This Bye-laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye-laws — 2016 for Municipal Council Kapurthala.**

It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

• **Definitions-**

- i. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (a) "Act" means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 Of 2014);
 - (b) "Appropriate Government" means the Government of Punjab;
 - (c) "Bye-laws" means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
 - (d) "Chief Executive Officer" means officer in charge of **Municipal Council Kapurthala Municipal Council Kapurthala as the case may be;**
 - (e) "festive market" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally Congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (f) "Grievance Redressal Committee" means a committee constituted by the Government of Punjab under sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act;
 - (g) "Heritage Market" means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (h) "holding capacity" means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- "local authority" means a Municipal Council, by whatever name called, or such other body entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town to provide civic services and regulate street vending in that city or town;
- "mobile vendors" means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in Designated area By moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- "Executive officer" means the *Executive officer* of **Municipal Council Kapurthala (Punjab)**
- "Municipal Committee" means a committee as prescribed under this rule — 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
- (m) "natural market" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the

recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;

- (n) "*niche market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) "*night bazaar*" means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (p) "*notification*" means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term "notify" shall be construed accordingly;
- (q) "*Plan*" means the Plan made under First Schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- (r) "*planning authority*" means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent of areas for any particular activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan or layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the applicable Improvement trust Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be it Act;
- (s) "*Public put-pose*" includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting of underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco system resource in that area and (xii) Any other developmental work taken by the local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (t) "*Scheme*" means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
 - "seasonal market" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - "*Section*" means section of the Act;
 - "*stationery vendors*" means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
 - "*street vendor*" means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane, side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words "street vending" with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
 - "*Town Vending Committee*" means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (z) "*vending zone*" means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on

the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.

- (aa) "*weekly market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER-II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT VENDING ZONES

3. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering an intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free-vending zones in the city. Carrying capacity of an area would put the ultimate limit on the number of street vendors which can be positioned in any area. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movements. In such cases the TVC has to decide the total number of such mobile vendors can be accommodate after taking into account the area of significant footfall and 1/3rd of the holding capacity of the area. Otherwise there is every chance of mobile vending itself creating problem for the traffic movement. as the mobile vending invariably takes place from the carriage way.
 - ii. **Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:**
 - a. There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
 - There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
 - There shall be only one side stationary street vending on a road having width between 12 meters to 24 meters while both side stationary vending shall be allowed on a road having road width of 30 meters and above.
 - d. Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
 - e. Such stationary vending shall be allowed after taking the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required, road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
 - f. Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement.
 - g. Suggestive road designing is attached as Annexure.
 - iii. **No vending zone:**
 - a. No vending shall be allowed around 200 meters of the Secretariat, District Courts, District Secretariat, offices of District Panchayat, Municipal Corporation, Municipality, Nagar Panchayat, Cantonment

Board and ASI and state archeological monuments.

- b. No vending within 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A street vender, who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, shall not —

- Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic or their safety;
- Obstruct or interfere with doorways, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street;
- Obstruct or interfere with any utilities like water supply, sewerage, telephone, electricity etc or similar installations;
- Obstruct or interfere with any other structures, sign boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street;
- Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc;
- Occupy more space than allotted by the TVC;
- Sell goods or services or merchandises after fixed hours as specified by the TVC;
- Put garbage anywhere except specific place, which identified by the local authority;
- Sell their goods or services or merchandises after expiry of the vending certificate;
- Use of loudspeakers, megaphones, sound systems or other amplification equipment;
- Transfer the certificate to any other vendors without approval;

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors -

The street vendor or the employees of the vendor shall have to-

- Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate;
- Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates;
- Display the permit at vending place all times;
- Ensure that either the street vendor or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remains present at vending place during vending hours;
- Keep the vending place safe and in good conditions all times;
- Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority;
- Comply all the requirements of the Food Adulteration Act or any other act if applicable;
- Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority;
- Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and conditions mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER — III

FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

- Monthly maintenance charges to be paid to local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the vending zones;
 - The monthly maintenance charges shall be according to the category of the street vendors and the status of the market. Category of the vendors and or market shall have to be decided by the TVC;
 - The fees shall be minimum Rs.150 and maximum Rs.1500 per month. Different rates / fees shall be

fixed for each category of-vendors or and market. Every year a minimum 10% increase shall be imposed.

- Local authority can collect vending fee annually instead of monthly, if it deems fit to do so.

7. Penalty to be charged -

- Every street vendor who commits an offence or default any, provision of the Act and or Bye-laws is punishable on conviction by Magistrate, a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance fee.
- If a street vendor defaults three times, the vending certificate shall have to be suspended and if he persists with his default, shall be cancelled.

8. The Regulation of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones;

- Local authority shall collect taxes and fees for vending which should be three times of the levy imposed on unauthorized settlement or Rs. 300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV

MISCELENEOUS

9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;

- Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.

10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- Any vendor who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- The movable public toilet and drinking water facilities shall be provided at appropriate distances by the local authority;

- Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed ;

12. Miscellaneous.

- The Executive Officer or the Licensing Officers may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following the date upon which the permission of the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or Licensee. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye-laws shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-, which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.
- The licence /Street Vender shall always keep the licence issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer or the authorized officer (herein referred to as "authorized Officer").
- The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- The license/street vender shall not transfer the licence to any other person ,without the prior written permission of the Executive Officer or the authorized officer. (herein referred to as "authorized Officer").
- Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of this license, the Executive Officer or the authorized officer (herein referred to as "authorized Officer") can revoke or suspend the license
- In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the license shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE

ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE

IN MTRS)														
Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Track	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Track	Ser-vice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No vehicular area

2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both sides

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. M.C, Sham Churasi/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3131.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Municipal Council Sham Churasi passed resolution No. 38 dated 24.07.2015 section 37 of the street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Municipal Council, Sham Churasi hereby makes the following bye laws for street vending, namely:-

"The Street Vendor Byelaws-2016 for the Municipal Council, Sham Churasi"

CHAPTER – I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement –

1. This Bye-Laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye laws –2016 for Municipal Council, Sham Churasi**. It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions –

1. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:-

(a) **“Act”** means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act,

2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014)

- (b) **“Appropriate Government”** means the Government of Punjab;
- (c) **“Bye-laws”** means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
- (d) **“Executive Officer”** means officer in charge of Municipal council Sham Churasi .
- (e) **“festive market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (f) **“Grievance Redressal Committee”** means a committee constituted by the Government of [Name of State] under Sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act.
- (g) **“Heritage Market”** means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (h) **“holding capacity”** means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (i) **“local authority”** means a Municipal Council, Sham Churasi entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town, Sham Churasi to provide civic services and regulate street vending in the city of Sham Churasi;
- (j) **“mobile vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- (k) **“Municipal Committee”** means a committee as prescribed under this rule – 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
- (l) **“natural market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (m) **“niche market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) **“night bazaar”** means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) **“notification”** means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term “notify” shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) **“Plan”** means the plan made under First Schedule of section 21 of the Act;
- (q) **“planning authority”** means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent areas for any particular Activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal

plan any layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the application Town and Country Planning Act or the Urban Development Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be;

- (r) **“public purpose”** includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco System Resource in that area and (xii) Any other development work taken by local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (s) **“Scheme”** means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- (t) **“seasonal market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (u) **“Section”** means section of the Act”
- (v) **“stationary vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
- (w) **“street vendors”** means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane, side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words “street vending” with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- (x) **“Town Vending Committee”** means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (y) **“vending zone”** means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.
- (z) **“weekly market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER – II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT ENDING ZONES

1. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering in intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.

- i. There shall not be any restriction-free- vending zones in the city of Sham Churasi.
- ii. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movement.

2. Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:

- There shall not be any stationary vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters.however street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
- There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However street vending shall allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
- Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
- Such stationary vending shall be allowed after the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
- Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement.

3. No Vending Zone:

- a. No vending shall be allowed around 200 meters of the Secretariat, district Courts, District Secretariat officers of District Panchayat, Municipal Corporation ,Municipality Nagar Panchayat ,Cantonment Board ASI and State Archeological Monuments.
- b. No vending width 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A Street Vendors: Who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, shall no---

- I. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic of their safety .
- II. Obstruct or interface with doorway, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street.
- III. Obstruct of interface with any utilities like water supply,sewerage ,telephone ,electricity etc similar installations.
- IV. Obstruct of interface with any other structures, sign, boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street.
- V. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc.
- VI. Sell Goods of services of Merchandises before 8 A.M and 8 P.M fixed hours as specified by the TVC
- VII. Put garbage anywhere expect specific place, which identified by the local authority.
- VIII. Sell their goods of services or merchandise after expiry of the vending certificate.
- IX. Use of Loudspeakers, megaphone, sound system or other amplification equipment.
- X. Transfer the certificate to any vendors without approval.

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors: The street vendors or the employee of the vendors shall have to-

- I. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate.

- II. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates.
- III. Display the permit at vending place all times.
- IV. Ensure that either the street vendors or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remain at vending place during vending hours.
- V. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority.
- VI. Comply all the requirements of the food Adulteration Act or any if applicable.
- VII. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority.
- VIII. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and condition mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER – III

FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

- 6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the vending zones:**
 1. The monthly maintenance charges (Fees) Shall be which is to be charged .
 - i. Rs. 100 shall be charged from mobile vendors.
 - ii. Rs. 200 shall be charged from vendors in the business of Juice stalls, sweet stalls etc.
 2. There shall be a increase of 10% after every year.
 3. Fees shall be collected monthly.
- 7. Penalty to be Charged :**
 - I. Every street vendors who commits an offence or defaults any ,provision of the Act and or Bye-Law is punishable on conviction by Magistrate , a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance etc.
 - II. If a street vendors shall collect defaults three times, The vending which should be three times of be suspended and if he persists with the defaults, Shall be cancelled.
- 8. The Regulations of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones:** Local authority shall collect taxes and fees vending which should be three times of the every imposed on Unauthorized settlements or Rs.300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-I MISCELLANEOUS

- 9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;**
 - i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
 - ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.
- 10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;**
 - i. Any vendor who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the

provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;

- ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- ii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- iii. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed ;

12. Miscellaneous.

- i. The Executive Officer/Chairman or the Licensing Officers may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- ii. The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following date upon which the permission of the executive Officer. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye- laws shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-, which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every days after the first during which the breach continues.
- iii. The license /Street Vender shall always keep the licence issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as "authorized Officer").
- iv. The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The license/street vender shall not transfer the licence to any other person ,without the prior written permission of the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer. (herein referred to as "authorized Officer").
- vi. Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- vii. If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of this license, the

Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer herein referred to as “authorized Officer”) can revoke or suspend the license.

- viii. In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the license shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE

ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE

IN MTRS)

Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Serv-ice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both sides

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. MC, Sultanpur Lodhi/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3139.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Municipal Council Sultanpur Lodhi Passed Resolution No. 71 Dated 27.04.2016, section 37 of the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act No.7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Municipal Council, Sultanpur Lodhi, District Kapurthala, here by makes the following bye-laws for street vending, namely:-

“The Street Vender Byelaws-2016 for the Municipal Council Sultanpur Lodhi”

CHAPTER — I PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement-

- i. This Bye-laws may be called The Street Vendors (**Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending**) **Bye-laws — 2016** for Municipal Council, Sultanpur Lodhi, District Kapurthala. It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions-

- i. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (a) "Act" means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 Of 2014);
 - (b) "Appropriate Government" means the Government of Punjab;
 - (c) "Bye-laws" means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
 - (d) "Executive Officer" means Executive officer of Municipal Council, Sultanpur Lodhi District Kapurthala, State, Punjab.
 - (e) "festive market" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally Congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (f) "Grievance Redressal Committee" means a committee constituted by the Government of Punjab under sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act OR A Committee Constituted by Government of Punjab, Department of Local Government *vide* There Notification No. 5/11/2015-51g4/413009/1 Dated 12/02/2015.
 - (g) "Heritage Market" means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (h) "holding capacity" means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (i) "local authority" means a Municipal Council Sultanpur Lodhi District Kapurthala, State Punjab. entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town, Sultanpur Lodhi to provide civic services and regulate street vending in the city of Sultanpur Lodhi.
 - (j) "mobile vendors" means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
 - (k) "Municipal Committee" means a committee as prescribed under this rule — 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;

- (l) "*natural market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (m) "*niche market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) "*night bazaar*" means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) "*notification*" means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term "notify" shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) "*Plan*" means the Plan made under First Schedule of section 21 of the Act;
- (q) "*Planning authority*" means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent of areas for any particular activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan or layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the applicable Improvement trust Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be it Act;
- (r) "*Public put-pose*" includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting of underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco system resource in that area and (xii) Any other developmental work taken by the local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (s) "*Scheme*" means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- (t) "*seasonal market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (u) "*Section*" means section of the Act;
- (v) "*stationery vendors*" means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
- (w) "*street vendor*" means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane, side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words "street vending" with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- (x) "*Town Vending Committee*" means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;

- (z) "*vending zone*" means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered Suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.
- (aa) "*weekly market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
2. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER-II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT VENDING ZONES

3. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering an intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
- i. There shall not be any restriction-free-vending zones in the city. Carrying capacity of an area would put the ultimate limit on the number of street vendors which can be positioned in any area. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movements. In such cases the TVC has to decide the total number of such mobile vendors can be accommodate after taking into account the area of significant footfall and 1/3rd of the holding capacity of the area. Otherwise there is every chance of mobile vending itself creating problem for the traffic movement as the mobile vending invariably takes place from the carriage way.
- ii. **Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:**
- a. There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters or below. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
- b. There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
- c. There shall be only one side stationary street vending on a road having width between 12 meters to 24 meters while both side stationary vending shall be allowed on a road having road width of 30 meters and above.
- d. Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
- e. Such stationary vending shall be allowed after taking the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required, road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
- f. Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement. Suggestive road designing is attached as Annexure.
- iii. **No vending zone:**
- a. No vending shall be allowed around 50 meters of Court Complex, SDM Office, Tehsil Office, BDPO Office, And Municipal Council.
- b. There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width equal to 3 meters.
- c. No vending shall be allowed around 200 meters of the Railway Road, Chowk Chelia, Mohalla Dhira,

Mohalla Sikhan, Hat Sahib road.

- d. No vending within 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

iv. Vending Zone:-

- a. Pump No. 1 Near BDPO Office Sultanpur Lodhi
- b. Old Hospital Road Pudda Colony Sultanpur Lodhi

4. A street vendor, who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, shall not

- i. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic or their safety;
- ii. Obstruct or interfere with doorways, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street;
- iii. Obstruct or interfere with any utilities like water supply, sewerage, telephone, electricity etc or similar installations;
- iv. Obstruct or interfere with any other structures, sign boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street;
- v. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc;
- vi. Occupy more space than allotted by the TVC;
- vii. Sell goods or services or merchandises after fixed hours as specified by the TVC;
- viii. Put garbage anywhere except specific place, which identified by the local authority;
- ix. Sell their goods or services or merchandises after expiry of the vending certificate;
- x. Use of loudspeakers, megaphones, sound systems or other amplification equipment;

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors-

The Street vendor or the employee of the vendor shall have to-

- i. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate;
- ii. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificate;
- iii. Display the permit at vending places all times.
- iv. Ensure that either the street vendor or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remains present at vending place during vending hours;
- v. Keep the vending place safe and in good conditions all times;
- vi. Comply with any safety and sanitary requirements of local authority;
- vii. Comply all the requirements of the Food Adulteration Act or any other act if applicable;
- viii. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority;
- ix. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and conditions mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER-III

FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid to local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in vending zones;

- i. The vending fees will be Rs 300/-per month or 750/-for every 3 months.
- ii. Renewal of vending certificate fees will be Rs. 100/- payable every years.

- iii. Every year a minimum 10% increase shall be imposed.
- iv. Local Authority can collect vending fees Quarterly instead of monthly, if it deems fit to do so.

7. Penalty to be charged-

- i. Every street vendor who commits an offence, breach of provisions of the Act/ Rules or Bye-laws, is punishable on conviction by dispute redressal committee, and has to pay, a fine of not less than rupees 500 which may be extended up to rupees 1000 for first instance of offence.
- ii. When the breach is continuing breach, a further fine may be extended to two hundred rupees for everyday after the first instance of breach.
- iii. If a street vendor defaults three times, the vending certificate shall have to be suspended and if he persists with his default, shall be cancelled.

8. The Regulations of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones: Local authority shall collect taxes and fees vending which should be three times of the ecery imposed on Unauthorized settlements or Rs.300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV

MISCELENEOUS

9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending Zones;

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- ii. Local Authority shall clearly ear mark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zone.

10. The Regulation of the quality of the products and services provided to the public in vending zone and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- i. Any vendor, who sell food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provision of the food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, Penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department, as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- ii. Quality of Articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statue. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standard it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complaints are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufactures and vendors under the chairmanship of state nodal officer to arrive at an amicable solutions.

[Explanation for example, presence of toxic paint and sharp edges of the different part of the toy. There is a need to develop systematic samples taking an analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic element in the toys .The wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and payback the vendor price they pay if it not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention to the authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. The movable public toilet and drinking water facilities shall be provide at appropriate place by the local authority.

IN MTRS)														
Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Track	Carr- iage way	Cent- ral verge	Carr- iage way	Cyc- le Track	Ser- vice Road	Street Vending space	Foot- path	Vend- ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	12	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	allowed	--
													Allow	vehicular

2	20.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	Allowed	--
3	8.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	0.5	0.0	Allowed	--
4	20.0	0.5	0.5	8.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	0.5	0.5	Allowed	--

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. MC, Rahon/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3147.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Municipal Council, Rahon passed resolution No. 145 Dated 31.05.2016 section 37 of street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Municipal Council, Rahon hereby makes the following bye laws for street vending, namely:-

"The Street Vendors Byelaws-2016 for the Municipal Council, Rahon "

CHAPTER – I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement –

- i. This Bye-Laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye laws – 2016 For Municipal council, Rahon.**

It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions –

In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:-

- (a) **“Act”** means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014)
- (b) **“Appropriate Government”** means the Government of Punjab;
- (c) **“Bye-laws”** means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
- (d) **“Executive Officer”** means officer in charge of Municipal Council Rahon.
- (e) **“festive market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been

determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;

- (f) **“Grievance Redressed Committee”** means a committee constituted by the Government of [Name of State] under Sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act;
- (g) **“Heritage Market”** means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (h) **“holding capacity”** means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (i) **“local authority”** means a Municipal council, Rahon entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town, Rahon to provide civic services and regulate street vending in the city of Rahon;
- (j) **“mobile vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- (k) **“Municipal Committee”** means a committee as prescribed under this rule – 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
- (l) **“natural market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (m) **“niche market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) **“night bazaar”** means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) **“notification”** means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term “notify” shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) **“Plan”** means the plan made under First Schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- (q) **“planning authority”** means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent areas for any particular Activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan any layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the application Town and Country Planning Act or the Urban Development Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be;
- (r) **“public purpose”** includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and

Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco System Resource in that area and (xii) Any other development work taken by local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.

- (s) **“Scheme”** means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
 - (t) **“seasonal market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (u) **“Section”** means section of the Act”
 - (v) **“stationary vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
 - (w) **“street vendors”** means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane , side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words “street vending” with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
 - (x) **“Town Vending Committee”** means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
 - (y) **“vending zone”** means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.
 - (z) **“weekly market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER – II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT ENDING ZONES

1. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering in intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free- vending zones in the city of Rahon.
 - ii. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movement.
2. **Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:**
 - There shall not be any stationary vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. However street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
 - There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9

meters. However street vending shall allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.

- Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
- Such stationary vending shall be allowed after the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
- Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement.

3. No Vending Zone:

- a. No vending shall be allowed around 200 meters of the Secretariat, District Courts, District Secretariat officers of District Panchayat, Municipal Corporation ,Municipality, Nagar Panchayat ,Cantonment Board ASI and State Archeological Monuments.
- b. No vending width 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A Street Venders:

Who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, shall no---

- I. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic of Their safety .
- II. Obstruct or interface with doorway, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street.
- III. Obstruct of interface with any utilities like water supply ,sewerage ,telephone ,electricity etc similar installations.
- IV. Obstruct of interface with any other structures, sign, boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street .
- V. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc.
- VI. Sell Goods of services of Merchandises before 8 A.M and 8 P.M fixed hours as specified by the TVC
- VII. Put garbage anywhere expect specific place, which identified by the local authority.
- VIII. Sell their goods of services or merchandise after expiry of the vending certificate.
- IX. Use of Loudspeakers, megaphone, sound system or other amplification equipment.
- X. Transfer the certificate to any vendors without approval.

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors:

The street vendors or the employee of the vendors shall have to-

- I. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate.
- II. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates.
- III. Display the permit at vending place all times.
- IV. Ensure that either the street vendors or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remain at vending place during vending hours.

- V. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority.
- VI. Comply all the requirements of the food Adulteration Act or any if applicable.
- VII. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority.
- VIII. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and condition mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER – III

FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the vending zones:

- 1. The monthly maintenance charges (Fees) Shall be which is to be changed.
 - i. Rs. 100 shall be charged from mobile vendors.
 - ii. Rs. 200 shall be charged from vendors in the business of Juice stalls, sweet stalls etc.
- 2. There shall be a increase of 10% after every year.
- 3. Fees shall be collected monthly.

7. Penalty to be charged:

- I. Every street vendor who commits an offence or defaults any, provision of the Act and or Bye-Law is punishable on conviction by Magistrate, a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance etc.
- II. If street vendors shall collect defaults three times, the vending which should be three times of be suspended and if he persists with the defaults, Shall be cancelled.

8. The Regulations of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones:

Local authority shall collect taxes and fees vending which should be three times of the every imposed on unauthorized settlements or Rs.300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV

MISCELLANEOUS

9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.

10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- i. Any vendor, who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;

- ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, Wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- ii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- iii. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed ;

12. Miscellaneous.

- i. The Executive Officer/Chairman or the Licensing Officers may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- ii. The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following date upon which the permission of the executive Officer. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye- laws shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-, which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every days after the first during which the breach continues.
- iii. The licence /Street Vender shall always keep the licence issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- iv. The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The license/street vender shall not transfer the licence to any other person ,without the prior written permission of the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer. (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- vi. Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- vii. If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of his license, the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”) can revoke or suspend the license

- viii. In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the license shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE

ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE

IN MTRS)														
Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Ser-vice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	--
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both side
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both side

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. MC Haryana/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3155.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Municipal Council Haryana *vide* resolution no 17 dated 05.07.2016 hereby makes the following bye-laws for street vending, namely:-

"The Street Vendor Byelaws-2016 for the Municipal Council, Haryana"

CHAPTER — I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement-

- i. This Bye-laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye-laws — 2016 for Municipal Council Haryana.**
- ii. It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government

2. Definitions.

- 1 In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (a) "Act" means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 Of 2014);
 - (b) "Appropriate Government" means the Government of Punjab;
 - (c) "Bye-laws" means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
 - (d) "Chief Executive Officer" means officer in charge of Municipal Council, Haryana.
 - (e) "festive market" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (f) "Grievance Redressal Committee" means a committee constituted by the Government of Punjab under sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act;
 - (g) "Heritage Market" means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (h) "holding capacity" means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (i) "local authority" means Municipal Council, Haryana;
 - (j) "mobile vendors" means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
 - (k) "Executive Officer" means the executive officer of the Municipal Council Haryana in Punjab.
 - (l) "Municipal Committee" means a committee as prescribed under this rule — 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act.
 - (m) "natural market" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the

recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;

- (n) "*niche market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) "*night bazaar*" means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (p) "*notification*" means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term "notify" shall be construed accordingly;
- (q) "*Plan*" means the Plan made under First Schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- (r) "*planning authority*" means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent of areas for any particular activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan or layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the applicable Improvement trust Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be it Act;
- (s) "*Public purpose*" includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting of underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco system resource in that area and (xii) Any other developmental work taken by the local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (t) "*Scheme*" means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- (u) "*seasonal market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (v) "*Section*" means section of the Act;
- (w) "*stationery vendors*" means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
- (x) "*street vendor*" means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane, side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words "street vending" with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- (y) "*Town Vending Committee*" means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (z) "*vending zone*" means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on

the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.

- (aa) "*weekly market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER-II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT VENDING ZONES

3. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering an intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free-vending zones in the city. Carrying capacity of an area would put the ultimate limit on the number of street vendors which can be positioned in any area. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movements. In such cases the TVC has to decide the total number of such mobile vendors can be accommodate after taking into account the area of significant footfall and 1/3rd of the holding capacity of the area. Otherwise there is every chance of mobile vending itself creating problem for the traffic movement as the mobile vending invariably takes place from the carriage way.
 - ii. **Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:**
 - a. There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
 - b. There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
 - c. There shall be only one side stationary street vending on a road having width between 12 meters to 24 meters while both side stationary vending shall be allowed on a road having road width of 30 meters and above.
 - d. Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
 - e. Such stationary vending shall be allowed after taking the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required, road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
 - f. Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement.
 - g. Suggestive road designing is attached as Annexure.
 - iii. **No vending zone:**
 - a. No vending shall be allowed around 50 meters of the Govt. Buildings and archaeological monuments.
 - b. No vending within 50 meters from crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A street vender, who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, shall not —

- i. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic or their safety;
- ii. Obstruct or interfere with doorways, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street;
- iii. Obstruct or interfere with any utilities like water supply, sewerage, telephone, electricity etc or similar installations;
- iv. Obstruct or interfere with any other structures, sign boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street;
- v. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc;
- vi. Occupy more space than allotted by the TVC;
- vii. Sell goods or services or merchandises after fixed hours as specified by the TVC;
- viii. Put garbage anywhere except specific place, which identified by the local authority;
- ix. Sell their goods or services or merchandises after expiry of the vending certificate;
- x. Use of loudspeakers, megaphones, sound systems or other amplification equipment;
- xi. Transfer the certificate to any other vendors without approval;

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors -

The street vendor or the employees of the vendor shall have to-

- i. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate;
- ii. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates;
- iii. Display the permit at vending place all times;
- iv. Ensure that either the street vendor or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remains present at vending place during vending hours;
- v. Keep the vending place safe and in good conditions all times;
- vi. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority;
- vii. Comply all the requirements of the Food Adulteration Act or any other act if applicable;
- viii. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority;
- ix. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and conditions mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER — III**FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES****6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid to local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the vending zones;**

- I. The monthly maintenance charges shall be according to the category of the street vendors and the status of the market. Category of the vendors and or market shall have to be decided by the TVC;
- II. The fees shall be minimum Rs.150/and maximum Rs.1500 per month. Different rates / fees shall be fixed for each category of-vendors or and market.
- III. Every year a minimum 10% increase shall be imposed.
- IV. Local authority can collect vending fee annually instead of monthly, if it deems fit to do so.

7. Penalty to be charged -

- i. Every street vendor who commits an offence or default any, provision of the Act and or Bye-laws is punishable on conviction by Magistrate, a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance fee.
- ii. If a street vendor defaults three times, the vending certificate shall have to be suspended and if he persists with his default, shall be cancelled.

8. The Regulation of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones;

Local authority shall collect taxes and fees for vending which should be three times of the levy imposed on unauthorized settlement or Rs. 300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV**MISCELLANEOUS****9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;**

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.

10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- i. Any vendor, who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. The movable public toilet and drinking water facilities shall be provided at appropriate distances by the local authority;
- ii. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- iii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- iv. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed ;

12. Miscellaneous.

- i. The Executive Officer may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- ii. The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following the date upon which the permission of the Executive Officer. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye-laws, he shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-, which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every days after the first during which the breach continues.
- iii. The licence /Street Vender shall always keep the licence issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- iv. The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The license/street vender shall not transfer the licence to any other person, without the prior written permission of the Executive Officer or the authorized officer. (Herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- vi. Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- vii. If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of this license, the Executive Officer or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”) can revoke or suspend the license
- viii. In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the licensee shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE**ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE****IN MTRS)**

Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Ser-vice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	--
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road

4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both side
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both side

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. MC, Dasuya/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3163.—In exercise of the powers conferred by MC Dasuya Passed Resolution No.87 Dated 30.11.2015 section 37 of the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Dasuya Municipal Council hereby makes the following bye-laws for street vending, namely:--

“The Street Vendors Bye Laws-2016 For the Municipal Council Dasuya

CHAPTER — I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement-

- a. This Bye-laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye-laws— 2016 for the Municipal Council Dasuya.**

It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions-

- i. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "Act" means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 Of 2014);
- (b) "Appropriate Government" means the Government of Punjab;
- (c) "Bye-laws" means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
- (d) "Chief Executive Officer" means officer in charge of Municipal Council Dasuya.

- (e) "*festive market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally Congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee
- (f) "*Grievance Redressal Committee*" means a committee constituted by the Government of Punjab under sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act;
- (g) "*Heritage Market*" means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (h) "*holding capacity*" means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (i) "*local authority*" means Municipal Council, Dasuya which in town to provide civic services and regulate street vending in that city or town;
- (j) "*mobile vendors*" means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- (k) "*Executive Officer*" means the executive officer of the Municipal Council Sujampur in Punjab.
- (l) "*Municipal Committee*" means a committee as prescribed under this rule — 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
- (m) "*natural market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) "*niche market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) "*night bazaar*" means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (p) "*notification*" means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term "notify" shall be construed accordingly;
- (q) "*Plan*" means the Plan made under First Schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- (r) "*planning authority*" means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent of areas for any particular activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan or layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the applicable the Municipal Act,
- (s) "*Public put-put*" includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting of underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate

pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco system resource in that area and (xii) Any other developmental work taken by the local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.

- (t) "*Scheme*" means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
 - (u) "*seasonal market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (v) "*Section*" means section of the Act;
 - (w) "*stationery vendors*" means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
 - (x) "*street vendor*" means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane, side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words "street vending" with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- "*Town Vending Committee*" means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (y) "*vending zone*" means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.
 - (z) "*weekly market*" means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER-II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT VENDING ZONES

3. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering an intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free-vending zones in the city. Carrying capacity of an area would put the ultimate limit on the number of street vendors which can be positioned in any area. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movements. In such cases the TVC has to decide the total number of such mobile vendors can be accommodate after taking into account the area of significant footfall and 1/3rd of the holding capacity of the area. Otherwise there is every chance of mobile vending itself

creating problem for the traffic movement. as the mobile vending invariably takes place from the carriage way.

ii. Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:

- a. There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
- b. There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However, street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
- c. There shall be only one side stationary street vending on a road having width between 12 meters to 24 meters while both side stationary vending shall be allowed on a road having road width of 30 meters and above.
- d. Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
- e. Such stationary vending shall be allowed after taking the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required, road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
- f. Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement.
- g. Suggestive road designing is attached as Annexure.

iii. No vending zone:

- a. No vending shall be allowed around 50 meters of the Govt. Buildings and archaeological monuments.
- b. No vending within 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A street vender, who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, shall not —

- i. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic or their safety;
- ii. Obstruct or interfere with doorways, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street;
- iii. Obstruct or interfere with any utilities like water supply, sewerage, telephone, electricity etc or similar installations;
- iv. Obstruct or interfere with any other structures, sign boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street;
- v. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc;
- vi. Occupy more space than allotted by the TVC;
- vii. Sell goods or services or merchandises after fixed hours as specified by the TVC;
- viii. Put garbage anywhere except specific place, which identified by the local authority;
- ix. Sell their goods or services or merchandises after expiry of the vending certificate;
- x. Use of loudspeakers, megaphones, sound systems or other amplification equipment;
- xi. Transfer the certificate to any other vendors without approval;

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors -

The street vendor or the employees of the vendor shall have to-

- i. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate;
- ii. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates;
- iii. Display the permit at vending place all times;
- iv. Ensure that either the street vendor or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remains present at vending place during vending hours;
- v. Keep the vending place safe and in good conditions all times;
- vi. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority;
- vii. Comply all the requirements of the Food Adulteration Act or any other act if applicable;
- viii. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority;
- ix. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and conditions mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER — III

FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

Monthly maintenance charges to be paid to local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the vending zones;

- I. The monthly maintenance charges shall be according to the category of the street vendors and the status of the market. Category of the vendors and or market shall have to be decided by the TVC;
- II. The fees shall be minimum Rs.150/and maximum Rs.1500 per month. Different rates / fees shall be fixed for each category of-vendors or and market.
- III. Every year a minimum 5% increase shall be imposed.
- IV. Local authority can collect vending fee annually instead of monthly, if it deems fit to do so.

7. Penalty to be charged -

- i. Every street vendor who commits an offence or default any, provision of the Act and or Bye-laws is punishable on conviction by Magistrate, a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance fee.
- ii. If a street vendor defaults three times, the vending certificate shall have to be suspended and if he persists with his default, shall be cancelled.

8. The Regulation of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones;

Local authority shall collect taxes and fees for vending which should be three times of the levy imposed on unauthorized settlement or Rs. 300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV

MISCELENEOUS

9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.

10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;

- i. Any vendor who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. The movable public toilet and drinking water facilities shall be provided at appropriate distances by the local authority;
- ii. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- iii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- iv. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed ;

12. Miscellaneous.

- i. Executive Officer may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- ii. The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following the date upon which the permission of the Executive Officer. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye- laws, he shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-, which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.
- iii. The licence /Street Vender shall always keep the licence issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- iv. The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The license/street vender shall not transfer the licence to any other person ,without the prior written permission of the Executive Officer or the authorized officer. (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).

- v. Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- vi. If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of this license, the Executive Officer or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”) can revoke or suspend the license.
- viii. In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the license shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,
Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE

ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE

IN MTRS)

Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Serv-ice Road	Street Vending space	Foot path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way side
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	--
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both side
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both side

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. NP, Mehatpur/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3171.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Nagar Panchayat, Mehatpur *vide* resolution No. 108 dated 16.8.2016 hereby makes the following bye laws for street vending, namely:

The Street Vendors Bye-Laws-2016 for the Nagar Panchayat, Mehatpur

CHAPTER – I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement –

- i. This Bye-Laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye laws – 2016 for Nagar Panchayat, Mehatpur.**

It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions –

In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:-

- (a) **“Act”** means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014)
- (b) **“Appropriate Government”** means the Government of Punjab;
- (c) **“Bye-laws”** means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
- (d) **“Executive Officer”** means officer in charge of Nagar Panchayat, Mehatpur.
- (e) **“festive market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (f) **“Grievance Redressal Committee”** means a committee constituted by the Government of [Name of State] under Sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act;
- (g) **“Heritage Market”** means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (h) **“holding capacity”** means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in

any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;

- (i) **“local authority”** means a Nagar Panchayat, Mehatpur entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town, Mehatpur to provide civic services and regulate street vending in the city of Mehatpur;
- (j) **“mobile vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
- (k) **“Municipal Committee”** means a committee as prescribed under this rule – 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
- (l) **“natural market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (m) **“niche market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) **“night bazaar”** means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) **“notification”** means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term “notify” shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) **“Plan”** means the plan made under First Schedule of section 22 of the Act;
- (q) **“planning authority”** means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent areas for any particular Activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan any layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the application Town and Country Planning Act or the Urban Development Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be;
- (r) **“public purpose”** includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco System Resource in that area and (xii) Any other development work taken by local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (s) **“Scheme”** means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- (t) **“seasonal market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (u) **“Section”** means section of the Act”

- (v) **“stationary vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
- (w) **“street vendors”** means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane, side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words “street vending” with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- (x) **“Town Vending Committee”** means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (y) **“vending zone”** means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.
- (z) **“weekly market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER – II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT ENDING ZONES

1. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering in intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free- vending zones in the city of Mehatpur.
 - ii. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movement.
2. **Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:**
 - There shall not be any stationary vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. however street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
 - There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However street vending shall allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
 - Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road .
 - Such stationary vending shall be allowed after the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed .
 - Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement .

3. No Vending Zone:

- a. No vending shall be allowed around 200 meters of the Secretariat, District Courts, District Secretariat officers of District Panchayat, Municipal Corporation, Municipality Nagar Panchayat, Cantonment Board ASI and State archeological Monuments.
- b. No vending width 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.

4. A Street Venders:

Who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, **shall no---**

- I. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic of their safety .
- II. Obstruct or interface with doorway, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street.
- III. Obstruct of interface with any utilities like water supply, sewerage, telephone, electricity etc similar installations.
- IV. Obstruct of interface with any other structures, sign, boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street .
- V. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc.
- VI. Sell Goods of services of Merchandises before 8 A.M and 8 P.M fixed hours as specified by the TVC
- VII. Put garbage anywhere expect specific place, which identified by the local authority.
- VIII. Sell their goods of services or merchandise after expiry of the vending certificate.
- IX. Use of Loudspeakers, megaphone, sound system or other amplification equipment.
- X. Transfer the certificate to any vendors without approval.

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors:

The street vendors or the employee of the vendors shall have to-

- I. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate.
- II. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates.
- III. Display the permit at vending place all times.
- IV. Ensure that either the street vendors or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remain at vending place during vending hours.
- V. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority.
- VI. Comply all the requirements of the food Adulteration Act or any if applicable.
- VII. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority.
- VIII. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and condition mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER – III
FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the

vending zones:

1. The monthly maintenance charges (Fees) Shall be which is to be changed .
 - i. Rs. 100 shall be changed from mobile vendors.
 - ii. Rs. 200 shall be charged from vendors in the business of Juice stalls, sweet stalls etc.
 2. There shall be a increase of 5% after every year.
 3. Fees shall be collected monthly.
- 7. Penalty to be Charged :**
- I. Every street vendors who commits an offence or defaults any, provision of the Act and or Bye-Law is punishable on conviction by Magistrate, a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance etc.
 - II. If a street vendors shall collect defaults three times, The vending which should be three times of be suspended and if he persists with the defaults, Shall be cancelled.
- 8. The Regulations of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones:**
- Local authority shall collects taxes and fees vending which should be three times of the every imposed on Unauthorized settlements or Rs.300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-IV**MISCELENEOUS**

- 9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;**
- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
 - ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.
- 10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;**
- i. Any vendor who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
 - ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited

laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;

- i. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- ii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- iii. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed ;

12. Miscellaneous.

- i. The Executive Officer/Chairman or the Licensing Officers may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- ii. The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following date upon which the permission of the executive Officer. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye- laws shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-, which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every days after the first during which the breach continues.
- iii. The license /Street Vender shall always keep the license issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized Officer (herein referred to as "authorized Officer").
- iv. The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to Cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The license/street vender shall not transfer the license to any other person without the prior written permission of the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer. (herein referred to as "authorized Officer").
- vi. Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- vii. If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of this License, the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (Herein referred to as "authorized Officer") can revoke or suspend the license
- viii. In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the Allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the license shall not sell the Articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),
Regional Deputy Director,
Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE

ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE

IN MTRS)

Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vending space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Serv-ice Road	Street Vending space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	--
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road
4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both side
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both side

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

No. Mc, Kartarpur/DDLG/JALANDHAR/2017/3181.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Municipal Council Kartarpur passed resolution No. 67 dated 15.01.2016 section 37 of the street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014), Subject to the provisions of this Act or any rule or scheme made there under, the Municipal Council, Kartarpur hereby makes the following bye

laws for street vending, namely:-

"The Street Vendor Byelaws-2016 for the Municipal Council, Kartarpur "

CHAPTER – I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement –

1. This Bye-Laws may be called **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Bye laws –2016 for Municipal Council, Kartarpur**. It shall come into force on such date, as notified in the Official Gazette, by the appropriate Government.

2. Definitions –

1. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:-
 - (a) **“Act”** means the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (Central Act 7 of 2014)
 - (b) **“Appropriate Government”** means the Government of Punjab;
 - (c) **“Bye-laws”** means the bye-laws made under section 37 of the Act;
 - (d) **“Executive Officer”** means officer in charge of Municipal council Kartarpur .
 - (e) **“festive market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during festival season of the city or town and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (f) **“Grievance Redressal Committee”** means a committee constituted by the Government of [Name of State] under Sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Act.
 - (g) **“Heritage Market”** means a market which has completed more than fifty years in one place where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (h) **“holding capacity”** means the maximum number of street vendors who can be accommodated in any vending zone and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
 - (i) **“local authority”** means a Municipal Council, Kartarpur entitled to function as a local authority in any city or town, Kartarpur to provide civic services and regulate street vending in the city of Kartarpur;
 - (j) **“mobile vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities in designated area by moving from one place to another place vending their goods and services;
 - (k) **“Municipal Committee”** means a committee as prescribed under this rule – 20 to decide an appeal of a street vendor as per section 11 and section 20 of the Act;
 - (l) **“natural market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;

- (m) **“niche market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of niche products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (n) **“night bazaar”** means a bazaar where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services after evening i.e. during night and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (o) **“notification”** means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the term “notify” shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) **“Plan”** means the plan made under First Schedule of section 21 of the Act;
- (q) **“planning authority”** means an Urban Development Authority or any other authority in any city or town designated by the appropriate Government as responsible for regulating the land use by defining the precise extent areas for any particular Activity in the master plan or development plan or zonal plan any layout plan or any other spatial plan which is legally enforceable under the application Town and Country Planning Act or the Urban Development Act or the Municipal Act, as the case may be;
- (r) **“public purpose”** includes in the context of the Act (i) widening of roads, streets, lanes; (ii) shifting the alignment of roads, streets, lanes; (iii) erecting flyovers with or without clover leaves and slip down roads; (iv) erecting underpasses; (v) development of land owned by public authorities for some public projects; (vi) laying of water, storm water or sewer lines; (vii) erecting intermediate pumping stations for the services; (viii) any project related with public transport like BRTS, Metro, etc.; (ix) erection of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing; (x) Creation of Parks, Gardens and Recreational Area; (xi) Conservation of any eco System Resource in that area and (xii) Any other development work taken by local authority, the beneficiary of which will be the community at large.
- (s) **“Scheme”** means the Scheme made under Second Schedule of section 38 of the Act;
- (t) **“seasonal market”** means a market where sellers and buyers have traditionally congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services during specific seasons and has been determined as such by local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- (u) **“Section”** means section of the Act”
- (v) **“stationary vendors”** means street vendors who carry out vending Activities on regular basis at a specific location;
- (w) **“street vendors”** means a person engaged in vending of articles, goods, wares, food items or merchandise of everyday use or offering services to the general public, in a street, lane, side walk, footpath, pavement, public park or any other public place or private area, from a temporary built up structure or by moving from place to place and includes hawker, peddler, squatter and all other synonymous terms which may be local or region specific; and the words “street vending” with their grammatical variations and cognate expressions, shall be construed accordingly;
- (x) **“Town Vending Committee”** means the body constituted by the appropriate Government under section 22 of the Act;
- (y) **“vending zone”** means an area or a place or a location designated as such by the local authority, on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee, for the specific use by street vendors for

street vending and includes footpath, side walk, pavement, embankment, portions of a street, waiting area for public or any such place considered suitable for vending Activities and providing services to the general public.

- (z) **"weekly market"** means a market where sellers and buyers have weekly congregated for the sale and purchase of products or services and has been determined as such by the local authority on the recommendations of the Town Vending Committee;
- ii. Words and expressions defined in the Act and used in these Bye-laws shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER – II

MANNER OF VENDING IN DIFFERENT ENDING ZONES

1. TVC shall have to decide about vending zones considering in intensity of foot falls, Road width and vehicular & pedestrian movement for the city.
 - i. There shall not be any restriction-free- vending zones in the city of Kartarpur.
 - ii. However, there shall not be any restriction on mobile vending in this area if vendors continuously move without affecting traffic and commuter movement.
2. **Restricted vending zones should be linked with the road width:**
 - There shall not be any stationary vending on a road having width equal to 3.5 meters. However street vending shall be allowed if such road is declared as no vehicular road.
 - There shall not be any stationary street vending on a road having width between 6 meters to 9 meters. However street vending shall allowed if such road is declared as one way vehicular road.
 - Number of street vendors shall be decided by considering holding capacity of each designated vending area on such a road.
 - Such stationary vending shall be allowed after the clearance from traffic police regarding the smooth vehicular and pedestrian movement. If required road side parking shall be banned in such area where street vending is allowed.
 - Mobile vending shall be allowed on such road looking to the traffic and pedestrian movement.
3. **No Vending Zone:**
 - a. No vending shall be allowed around 200 meters of the secretariat, district Courts, District Secretariat officers of District Panchayat, Municipal corporation ,Municipality Nagar Panchayat ,Cantonment Board ASI and State archeological Monuments.
 - b. No vending width 50 meters from any crossing of two or more roads on all side and any declared heritage structures by the local authority.
4. **A Street Venders:** Who got street vending certificate for any of these vending zones, **shall no---**
 - I. Obstruct or interfere with vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian traffic of their safety .
 - II. Obstruct or interface with doorway, entrances, fire doors or emergency exits adjacent to the street.
 - III. Obstruct of interface with any utilities like water supply,sewerage ,telephone ,electricity etc similar

installations.

- IV. Obstruct of interface with any other structures, sign, boards, display units, city works or operations, on or adjacent to the street.
- V. Sell any objectionable goods or services or merchandise etc.
- VI. Sell Goods of services of Merchandises before 8 A.M and 8 P.M fixed hours as specified by the TVC
- VII. Put garbage anywhere expect specific place, which identified by the local authority.
- VIII. Sell their goods of services or merchandise after expiry of the vending certificate.
- IX. Use of Loudspeakers, megaphone, sound system or other amplification equipment.
- X. Transfer the certificate to any vendors without approval.

5. Responsibility of Street Vendors: The street vendors or the employee of the vendors shall have to-

- I. Do vending on the place as specified in the vending certificate.
- II. Comply with all conditions specified in the certificates.
- III. Display the permit at vending place all times.
- IV. Ensure that either the street vendors or such family member whose name has been mentioned in the vending certificate or employee remain at vending place during vending hours.
- V. Comply with any safety and or sanitary requirements of local authority.
- VI. Comply all the requirements of the food Adulteration Act or any if applicable.
- VII. Produce the certificate of vending when demanded by the authority.
- VIII. Follow all the requirements of this bye-laws and condition mentioned in the vending certificate.

CHAPTER – III

FEES, TAXES AND PENALTIES

6. Monthly maintenance charges to be paid local authority for the civic amenities and facilities in the vending zones:

- 1. The monthly maintenance charges (Fees) Shall be which is to be charged .
 - i. Rs. 100 shall be charged from mobile vendors.
 - ii. Rs. 200 shall be charged from vendors in the business of Juice stalls, sweet stalls etc.
- 2. There shall be a increase of 10% after every year.
- 3. Fees shall be collected monthly.

7. Penalty to be Charged :

- I. Every street vendors who commits an offence or defaults any ,provision of the Act and or Bye-Law is punishable on conviction by Magistrate , a fine of not less than thrice the monthly maintenance etc.
- II. If a street vendors shall collect defaults three times, The vending which should be three times of be suspended and if he persists with the defaults, Shall be cancelled.

- 8. The Regulations of the collection of taxes and fees in the vending zones:** Local authority shall collect taxes and fees vending which should be three times of the every imposed on unauthorized settlements or Rs.300 whichever is higher.

CHAPTER-I MISCELENEOUS

- 9. The Regulation of traffic in the vending zones;**

- i. Wherever a vending zone is declared by the TVC, traffic police shall decide about one way traffic, speed limit, parking, movement of heavy vehicles etc. If traffic division doesn't agree with the vending zone, in that case it shall have to be shifted or cancelled by the TVC;
- ii. Local authority shall clearly earmark the vending area, footpath and carriage way in the vending zones.

- 10. The Regulation of the quality of products and services provided to the public in vending zones and maintenance of public health, hygiene and safety standards;**

- i. Any vendor who sells food articles, readymade or processed on the site, shall have to follow all the provisions of the Food Adulteration Act. In case of failure, penal measures shall be initiated by the concern department as prescribed in the FAA. Any conviction order from the concern department, vending certificate of such vendors shall have to be cancelled by the TVC with immediate effect;
- ii. Quality of articles vended from the street can only be taken care of in case there is a prescribed standard under a relevant statute. Otherwise it will be only a qualitative assessment. In the absence of such standards it will be necessary to collect samples of such items against which some complains are received by the vendors. Such cases can be discussed in the joint meeting of wholesalers, manufacturers and vendors under the Chairmanship of State Nodal Officer to arrive at an amicable solution

[Explanation - For example, presence of toxic paints and sharp edges on the different parts of the toy. There is a need to develop a systematic sample taking and analysis of the same in an accredited laboratory. In case of proved presence of toxic elements in the toys, the wholesaler should be compelled to take it back and pay back the vendors the price they pay if it is not supplied on credit. In case of imported items found to be suffering from similar defects, wide publicity should be given drawing attention of the Authorities empowered to take suitable items.]

- 11. The Regulation of civic services in the vending zones;**

- i. Proper collection of solid waste management system shall have to be provided by the local authority;
- ii. Lighting to vendors shall be allowed by the CFL lamp mechanism;
- iii. No individual electricity and water connection shall be allowed ;

- 12. Miscellaneous.**

- i. The Executive Officer/Chairman or the Licensing Officers may limit the time during which street vender may be permitted to operate either generally or specially in respect of any class of articles or in any particulars public street within the city.
- ii. The license granted under these bye-laws shall expire on the 30th September or 31st March next following date upon which the permission of the executive Officer. If Street Vender commits the breach of these bye- laws shall be convicted by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine Rs. 500/-,

which may be extended to one hundred rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may be extended to Two hundred rupees for every days after the first during which the breach continues.

- iii. The license /Street Vender shall always keep the licence issued to him and shall on demand produce it to the Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- iv. The license /street Vender shall not do or permit to do any negligent act likely to cause fire or otherwise endanger to the public safety.
- v. The license/street vender shall not transfer the licence to any other person ,without the prior written permission of the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer. (herein referred to as “authorized Officer”).
- vi. Every license issued to the street vender under these bye-laws may be renewed within 30 days from its date of expiry. In case of delay one hundred rupee shall be charged for every month of delay.
- vii. If the license / Street vender fails to comply with any terms and condition of this license, the Commissioner /Executive Officer/Chairman or the authorized officer herein referred to as “authorized Officer”) can revoke or suspend the license.
- viii. In event of, any future planning/development of site/court order/directions, the allotted site is prohibited for the vending purpose, the license shall not sell the articles in such prohibited site.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,

Local Government, Jalandhar.

ANNEXURE

ROAD DESIGNING WITH STREET VENDING SPACE

IN MTRS)														
Sr. No.	Width of Road (in mtrs)	Foot path	Street Vend-ing space	Serv-ice Road	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Carr-iage way	Cent-ral verge	Carr-iage way	Cyc-le Tra-ck	Serv-ice Road	Street Vend-ing space	Foot-path	Vend-ing Status	Conditionally allowed
1	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	No area
2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Not allowed	--
		0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Allowed	One way road
3	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Not allowed	--
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One way road

4	12.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
5	15.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
6	18.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	1.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Allowed	One side
7	24.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	Allowed	One side
		1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	1.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	Allowed	Both sides
8	30.0	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	1.5	Allowed	Both sides
9	36.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	11.0	1.0	11.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both sides
10	40.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	13.0	1.0	13.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	2.0	Allowed	Both side
11	60.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	15.0	2.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	Allowed	Both side

Note : These calculations are subject to approval of traffic division for carrying capacity of vehicular traffic.

For two lane traffic minimum 7 mtrs is required for carrying traffic.

Minimum Area available for street vending - 3.0 mtrs.

Minimum space requirement for pedestrain movements - 1.0 mtr.

-Sd-

BARJINDER SINGH (PCS),

Regional Deputy Director,
Local Government, Jalandhar.



Rs. 2.70

Punjab Government Gazette

Published by Authority

No. 17] CHANDIGARH, FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 2017 (VAISAKHA 8, 1939 SAKA)

PART III

**Notifications by High Court ; Labour Commissioner ; Advertisements ;
Director of Lotteries, Punjab and Notices, etc.**

**PUNJAB FINANCIAL CORPORATION
95-98, BANK SQUARE, SECTOR-17-B, CHANDIGARH**

No. PFC/BD/62nd/AGM/2017

NOTICE

In pursuance of regulation 24 read with regulation 37 of the Punjab Financial Corporation General Regulations, it is hereby notified that the 62nd Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Punjab Financial Corporation will be held at the Head Office of the Corporation i.e. 95-98, Bank Square, Sector-17-B, Chandigarh on 18th May, 2017 (18.05.2017) (Thursday) at 11.30 A.M. to transact the following business:

1. To read and consider the Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2016 and the profit & Loss account for the year ended 31st March, 2016 together with the report of the Board on the working of the Corporation throughout the year and the Auditor's Report on the Balance Sheet and Accounts.
2. To consider the appointment of Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2016-17.
3. To take up the process of election of One Director in the prescribed manner -as approved earlier by the Board of Directors in its 395th meeting held on 28th March, 2017 on the Board of Directors of the Corporation U/s 10(e) of the SFCs amendment Act, 2000, from the stage where it was left in the last AGM.

It is further notified that the Share-Register of the Corporation will remain close and the registration of transfers remains suspended from 19th April, 2017 to 18th May, 2017 (Both days inclusive).

NOTES:

1. The list of Share-holders shall be available for purchase from the Head Office of the Corporation at price of Rs.1/-(Rupees one only) from 27th April, 2017.
2. Last date for deposit of proxies shall be 11th May, 2017.
3. Last date for deposit of certified copies of resolution appointing dully Authorised representatives by the Companies shall be 14th May, 2017.

4. Written orders of the State Govt. And SIDBI authorizing any of its officers to act as its representative at the meeting, can be deposited before the time fixed for the meeting viz. 11.30 AM on 18th May, 2017.

-Sd/-

(INDU MALHOTRA, IAS)
MANAGING DIRECTOR

CHANDIGARH

DATED:- 17-04-2017

[64-1]

CHANGE OF NAME

I, Jaskarn Singh S/o Jagsir Singh #Ramgarh Bhunder, Maur, Bathinda changed my name Jaskarn Singh Dandiwal.

[65-1]

I, Parmod Kumar S/o Asha Ram R/o House No. 3509, Sector-71, SAS Nagar, Mohali Declare that I have changed my name from Parmod Kumar to Parmod Kumar Banga for all intents and purposes.

[66-1]

I, Sunita Kumari W/o Vinod Kumar Dwivedi #11 RVR Nangal Township Ropar changed my name Sunita Dwivedi.

[67-1]